### WEST ATHENS-WESTMONT CALIFORNIA

## - OF GUN VIOLENCE -

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THE DIRECT COST TO TAX PAYERS

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### WEST ATHENS-WESTMONT CALIFORNIA THE COST OF GUN VIOLENCE

outh Los Angeles has historically experienced very high rates of gun violence, but had seen a steep decline in shootings in the years prior to the Covid-19 pandemic. Like most urban jurisdictions around the country, South Los Angeles had a sharp spike in homicides in 2020.

Glamorized and exploited by countless movies and television shows, the portrayal of South Los Angeles has been one of gangs, drugs, guns, and police corruption, and violence. While exaggerated on all fronts, these challenges certainly exist.

Within South Los Angeles is the community of West Athens-Westmont, an unincorporated area in

Los Angeles County, adjacent to Inglewood. West Athens-Westmont's nearly 34,000 residents are about half Black, half Latino. As an unincorporated area that is not the responsibility of the City of Los Angeles and seemingly forgotten by the County, West Athens-Westmont has suffered from decades of underinvestment. West Athens-Westmont residents have experienced chronic violence, injustice, and economic disenfranchisement.

West Athens-Westmont is policed by the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department. The Department has come under fire in the last few years, with the launch of a California Department of Justice investigation as well as members of the County Board of Supervisors calling for the elected Sheriff to resign. Some of that controversy is due to two deadly shootings of young men in West Athens-Westmont.

In May 2020, Sheriff deputies shot and killed 18-year-old Robert Avitia, firing 19 rounds at him. Then in September, 29year-old Dijon Kizzee was stopped for an alleged code violation while riding his bicycle. According to witnesses, Sheriff deputies shot Kizzee 15 times, even after he fell to the ground. The killing of Kizzee sparked nightly protests in West Athens-Westmont. In addition to the police shootings, West Athens-

When someone is shot in West Athens-Westmont, there is an immediate, multifaceted, and very expensive responses from an array of government agencies.

> Westmont experienced a major increase in gun violence in 2020, harkening back to the 1990's when violence was rampant.

When someone is shot in West Athens-Westmont, as in jurisdictions throughout the country, there is an immediate, multifaceted, and very expensive response from an array of government agencies. The Los Angeles

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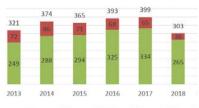


#### POLICE FORCE

L.A. County Sheriff's Dept.

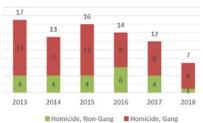
Aggravated Assaults, Gang

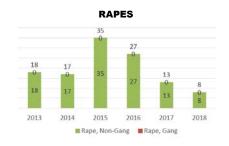


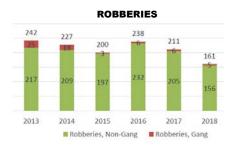


Aggravated Assaults, Non-Gang

HOMICIDES







### CALIFORNIA COST OF VIOLENCE EACH YEAR



"The 9,980 shootings that occur each year in California are a serious drain on the state's economy. Based on the expenses we can directly measure, including healthcare costs (\$348 million per year), law enforcement and criminal justice expenses (\$625 million per year), costs to employers (\$39 million per year), and lost income (\$5.5 billion per year), the initial price tag of gun violence in California is over \$6.5 billion per year. Much of this tab is picked up by the public, in part because up to 85% of gunshot victims are either uninsured or on some form of publicly funded insurance. Additionally, law enforcement efforts are funded entirely by taxpayer dollars. As a result, the annual cost of gun violence to California taxpayers is approximately \$1.4 billion."

THE ECONOMIC COST OF GUN VIOLENCE IN CALIFORNIA, The Giffords Law Center

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**County Fire Department** dispatches EMTs, government contracted ambulances respond, the Sheriff and neighboring policing agencies descend on the scene, investigators from the Los Angeles County District Attorney's office often arrive, and if the victim/s are declared dead on the scene, the coroner is called. And all of this stems from just the shooting scene itself. In non-fatal shootings, immediately following is a hospitalization often paid for by tax dollars, and in the case of serious injury, rehabilitation. Victim compensation is often provided. There is protracted investigation by the Sheriff and the District Attorney, who are sometimes joined by the US Attorney's

# WEST ATHENS-WESTMONT



#### CRIME SCENE RESPONSES

The response to a severe injury shooting or homicide scene usually includes a heavy police presence, Fire/ EMT response, along with medical transport. According to officials with the LA County Sheriff's Department, up to 16 officers, including Patrol, Homicide Unit, and CSI investigators, respond to a typical homicide shooting.



## HOSPITAL & REHABILITATION

Once a victim has been transported to the hospital, the cost of the Trauma Unit, surgery, and rehabilitation, are exorbitant. Costs can range from \$50k to \$179k per incident. With more than 2/3 of gunshot victims either uninsured or on Medi-Cal, the Cost of Violence includes a tremendous strain on the County's hospital network.



### CRIMINAL JUSTICE

Police investigation, a trial or court process that includes prosecution and defense costs, and court staff, make up the many costs of the court process in injury shooting and homicide cases. Due to the consequences of a homicide conviction, these cases often go to trial. Sometimes these cases involve multiple suspects with multiple court dates and separate trials. From the time of arrest, court proceedings in an injury shooting or homicide case can take two years.



#### INCARCERATION

Incarceration accounts for a large portion of the costs once a suspect is arrested. A stay in the LA County Jail system costs on average \$143 per day. Suspects can remain in the County system for two years until trial, sentencing, and placement into the State prison system. The California State prison system costs \$222 per day per day; incarceration costs of individuals convicted of attempted murder or homicide range from \$637k to over \$1.9 million.



### VICTIM SUPPORT

The majority of these costs are covered by California's Victim Compensation program. Costs can range from \$7k to \$35k per victim, and include burial expenses, lost wages for a year, medical expenses, and counseling. Other costs in this category include County services, including social services and autopsy costs, and the long-term cost of families losing a financial contributor.



### LOST TAX REVENUE

California has a State Income Tax of 7.75% along with a combined State/Local Sales tax of 9.5%. When an injury shooting or homicide occurs, the State and county/ies of residence loses the ability to collect taxes (both income and sales tax) from the incarcerated suspects and homicide victims. Each incident can represent lost tax revenue of a minimum of two individuals, from 9 to 25 years.

### WEST ATHENS-WESTMONT CALIFORNIA THE COST OF GUN VIOLENCE

Each shooting homicide in West Athens-Westmont costs tax payers \$2.5 million Office. Most often there is a trial and a long incarceration period. When there are multiple victims and/or multiple suspects, these efforts multiply for a single shooting incident.

These are just some of costs of each injury shooting and homicide in West Athens-Westmont. The National Institute for Criminal Justice Reform (NICJR), in partnership with the Los Angeles County Office of Violence Prevention (OVP), was commissioned by the California Wellness Foundation to conduct a detailed analysis of the Cost of Gun Violence in West Athens-Westmont. NICJR and the OVP tracked the direct costs of each shooting and have deliberately used low-end estimates for each expense. Additionally, not included in this assessment are productivity losses relating to victim(s) or suspect(s) who were working at the time of the shooting. Nationally, those costs have been estimated at an additional \$1-2 million for each shooting incident. Therefore, the calculated per homicide shooting cost of \$2.5 million in West Athens-Westmont is a conservative estimate; the real cost is likely even higher.

In the past five years, West Athens-Westmont has had an approximate average of eight homicides per year, which result in an annual expense to taxpayers of more than \$20 million.

If West Athens-Westmont could reduce its gun violence rate by just 20%, that could result in a combined government savings of \$4 million every year.

Officials in West Athens-Westmont and Los Angeles County should consider greater upfront investments in gun violence reduction. Even modest investments in effective gun violence intervention strategies would reduce shootings, save lives, and generate significant fiscal savings.

# **COMMUNITY COST** OF GUN VIOLENCE

The normalization or even expectation of violence can lead to high rates of gun possession, tension, and the resolving of minor disputes with guns

...children who have traumatic experiences when they are young have significantly higher rates of poor health outcomes as they grow older. n addition to the direct financial costs that taxpayers bear the burden of, community members in neighborhoods where rates of violence are highest, suffer from social
 impacts of trauma, toxic-stress, disinvestment, and community tension.

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Increased levels of violence and the trauma it produces also leads to community members being desensitized. The normalization or even expectation of violence can lead to high rates of gun possession, tension, and the resolving of minor disputes with gun violence.

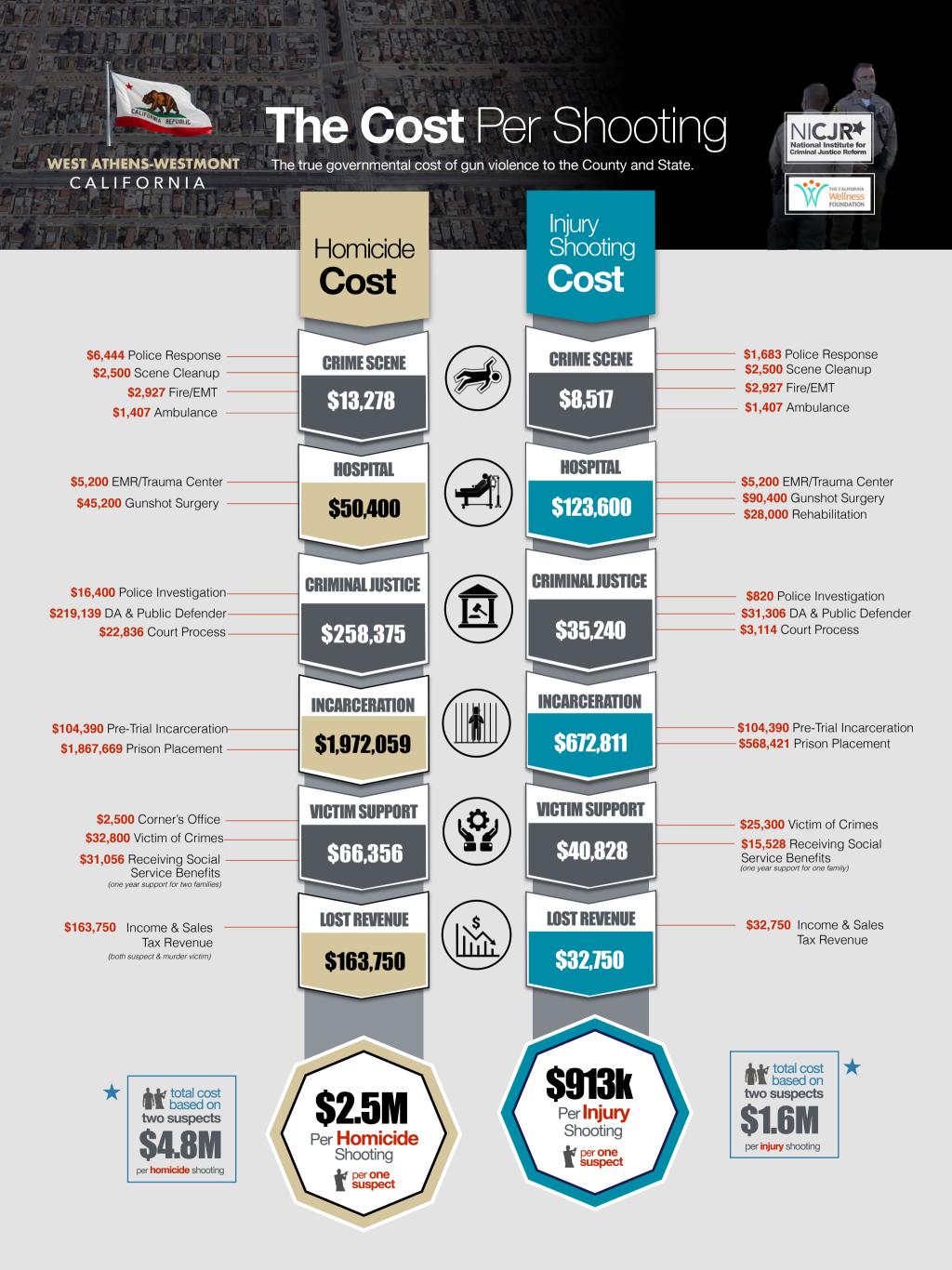
The public health approach to violence also proves that like disease, violence is a contagion and can breed in areas of social dysfunction. This is where we get the axioms hurt people, hurt people and that violence begets violence. They are not just cleaver clichés but based in science.

The National Institutes of Health, in its paper, "The Contagious Spread of Violence Among US Adolescents Through Social Networks" found that, "Contagious diseases and violence tend to cluster in similar ways. A cluster is an 'aggregation of cases of a disease that are closely grouped in time and place.' There are geographic "hot spots" for contagious diseases, such as the 2015 measles outbreak linked to Disneyland in California involving clusters of unvaccinated children. Likewise, there are geographic hot spots for violent crime on specific streets and in specific neighborhoods." (Bond and Bushman, 2017).

Children are especially affected by the impact of violence around them. Groundbreaking research known as the ACEs study – Adverse Childhood Experiences – revealed that children who have traumatic experiences when they are young have significantly higher rates of poor health outcomes as they grow older. Experiencing violence, witnessing violence, and having close friends or family members victimized by violence produces trauma and vicarious or second-hand trauma. Studies have proven that the brain function of young people who experience trauma can be negatively affected, and that trauma can cause depression, behavioral challenges, academic disruption, and delinguency.

The direct financial burden of gun violence documented in this report also does not include the loss of resources in communities with high violence rates. Businesses, recreational centers, community events and festivals, access to fresh produce, and other resources usually flee from neighborhoods with high rates of violence.

A 2019 study conducted by the Controller for the City of Philadelphia examined the impact of gun violence on property values and corresponding tax assessments. "Our results indicate that a single homicide lowers sale prices by 2.3 percent in the immediate neighborhood (within 0.75 miles of the homicide)," states the "Report on the Economic Impact of Homicides" (Rhynhart, 2019).



# Data Sources



WEST ATHENS-WESTMONT CALIFORNIA

	Subject:	Police Response	Fire/EMT Transport	Scene Clean Up
<b>CRIME SCENE</b>	Source	<ul> <li>Interviews with top officials of the LA County Sheriff's Department</li> <li>LA County government salaries (<i>Link</i>)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>L.A. Fire Department <u>(LINK)</u></li> <li>LA County EMS contract <u>(LINK)</u></li> </ul>	<ul> <li><u>Aftermath</u></li> <li><u>Steri-Clean</u></li> </ul>
	Notes	Initial police response to a homicide scene typically includes 4-5 Patrol, 1 Sergeant, 3 Gang Unit, 2 Detectives, 2 CSI, and 1 Forensic tech. They remain on the scene up to 8 hours.	Fire & EMT Budget = \$1.15 Billion Total Responses = 392,872 Average cost per response = <b>\$2,927</b>	Average cost among competitive venders to clean up crime scenes involving blood = <b>\$2,500</b>
		Initial police response to an injury shooting scene typically includes 3 patrol, 2 Detectives, 1 Sergeant and 1 CSI Tech. They remain on the scene from 2-4 hours.	Ambulance cost per response = \$1,407	
HOSPITAL	Subject:	ER/ Surgery for Gun-Shot Victim		
	Source	<ul> <li>Interview with Trauma Center employees.</li> <li>National Emergency Room Database: (Record of 30 million emergency department visits in 950 hospitals in the U.S.)</li> <li><u>Cost of Gun Violence: John Hopkins study of Emergency Room Admissions</u></li> </ul>		
	Notes	<ul> <li>Average cost of gun-shot victims treated and released the same day = \$5,200 (ER base cost)</li> <li>Average cost of gun-shot victims requiring surgery and hospital stay = \$95,867 (surgery cost)</li> <li>1/3 of gun-shot victims who required surgery were released to rehabilitation centers where average total medical bill = \$179,000 (ER cost, surgery &amp; rehabilitation cost)</li> <li>Formula for this study: (Base cost + surgery cost + 1/3 rehabilitation cost) = \$123,600 per shooting victim requiring surgery.</li> <li>1/2 of all homicide victims receive surgery before they die, so we use \$45,200 to represent half of all homicide victims.</li> </ul>		
	Subject:	Police Investigation	DA & Public Defender	Court Process
<b>CRIMINAL</b> JUSTICE	Subject.	Comparative interviews with police departments	Estimates of Time Spent in Capital and Non-	Survey of Judicial Salaries (Link)
	Source	<ul> <li>Comparative interviews with police departments across the nation.</li> <li>Interviews with top officials of the LA County Sheriff's Department</li> <li>LA County government salaries (<i>Link</i>)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Estimates of thine spent in Capital and Non-Capital Murder Cases (<i>Link</i>)</li> <li>Interview with Public Defenders Office</li> <li>Deputy District Attorney III: (<i>Link</i>)</li> <li>Deputy Public Defender III: (<i>Link</i>)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Judicial Weighted Caseload Measurement (<i>Link</i>)</li> <li>Schedule 7A County Courts: (<i>Link</i>)</li> </ul>
	Notes	<ul> <li>Investigations typically can extend over a two year period. An average of 20 hours is spent on attempted murder cases and 400 hours for homicides cases.</li> <li>\$41/hr (2 Detective) x 10 hours = \$820</li> <li>\$41/hr (2 Detective) x 200 hours = \$16,400</li> </ul>	<b>1087</b> hours to defend & prosecute a murder case x <b>\$144</b> (DA <b>\$72/hr</b> + PD <b>\$72/hr</b> ) = $$156,528 + 40\%$ overhead = <b>\$219,139</b> . To defend an attempted- murder case requires 1/7 of the time = <b>\$31,306</b>	Combined hourly rates of the following staff: Judge, Bailiff, Research Attorney, Court Reporter, Clerk = <b>\$519 per hour.</b> \$519 x 44 hours (murder case) = <b>\$22,836</b> \$519 x 6 hours (A felony) = <b>\$3,114</b>
INCARCERATION	Subject:	Pre-Trial Incarceration	State Prison (Attempted Murder)	State Prison (Murder Case)
	Source	<ul> <li>Total Sheriff budget (LINK)</li> <li>County Jail budget (LINK)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Legislative Analyst Office (<i>Link</i>)</li> <li>Injury shooting (9 years) (<i>Link</i>)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Legislative Analyst Office (<i>Link</i>)</li> <li>Murder (25 years) (<i>Link</i>)</li> </ul>
	Notes	<ul> <li>Total Sheriff budget = \$3.3 billion</li> <li>County jail budget (27% of total) = \$890 million</li> <li>Average daily population of County jail = 17,070</li> <li>Average Daily Cost Per Inmate: \$143/day</li> <li>Average 2 year period of pre-trial incarceration in the county upon sentencing and placement into State Prison.\$143/day x 2 years = \$104,390</li> </ul>	Annual cost of <b>\$81,203</b> to incarcerate an adult in the California state prison system. Convictions involving injury shootings serve an average of 9 years in state prison, subtracting pre-trial 'time-served' in the County jail. (\$81,203 x 9 years) - 2 years = <b>\$568,421</b>	Annual cost of <b>\$81,203</b> to incarcerate an adult in the California state prison system. Average inmate serves 25 years for murder, minus time served. (\$81,203 x 25 years) - 2 years = <b>\$1,867,669</b>
VICTIM SUPPORT	Subject:	Victim of Crimes	Social Service Assistance	Medical Examiner's Office
	Source	Crime Victims Compensation Program (Link)	<ul> <li>Eligibility and Benefit Amounts in State Cash Assistance Programs: TANF (LINK), SNAP (LINK)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>National Average of Medical Examiner's Autopsy (LINK)</li> </ul>
	Notes	Homicide Victim: \$7,500 for burial expenses \$400/w x 1 year = \$20,800 for victim lost wages \$4,500 for family grief counseling Total = \$32,800	When victim is severely shot, many can't return to work immediately. Since the victim and perpetrator may be a major financial contributor to the household, many families may need to apply for social services support. The estimate for this study is for 1 year of	Cost per autopsy <b>= \$2,500</b>
		Injury Shooting Victim: \$400/wk loss wages (1 year) = \$20,800 <u>\$4,500 mental health</u> Total = <b>\$25,300</b>	Social Service assistance. (\$1294/mo x 12 months) x 2 families = <b>\$31,056</b>	
LOST REVENUE	Subject:	Lost Tax Revenue (One person going to jail)	Lost Tax Revenue (Murder: Revenue Lost fo	r 2 people)
	Source	• 2019 ( <i>Income Tax</i> ), ( <i>Sales Tax</i> )	• 2019 <u>(Income Tax)</u> , <u>(Sales Tax)</u>	
	Notes	State income tax= 7.75% State/Local Sales tax= 9.5%. ( <i>Calif 6%, County 3.5%</i> ) If person earns 30k/year, then total income tax = \$2,325. If person spends 1/3 of income, then total sales tax = \$950. Total combined tax = \$3,275/yr But if person has to serve a 9 <i>years</i> sentence for attempted murder, then (\$3,275 x 9 years) = \$29,475 of missed combined tax revenue.	State income tax= 7.75% State/Local Sales tax= 9.5%. ( <i>Calif 6%, County 3.5%</i> ) If person earns 30k/year, then total income tax = \$2,325. If person spends 1/3 of income, then total sales tax = \$950. Total combined tax = \$3,275/yr Average murder sentence is 25 years; combined revenue loss for victim and perpetrator is at least \$163,750 (\$3,275 x 25 years x 2 people)	
		shooting victim doesn't work for one year, then an dditional <b>\$3,275 of lost revenue</b> is added. <b>otal Lost Sales Tax Revenue = \$32,750</b>		